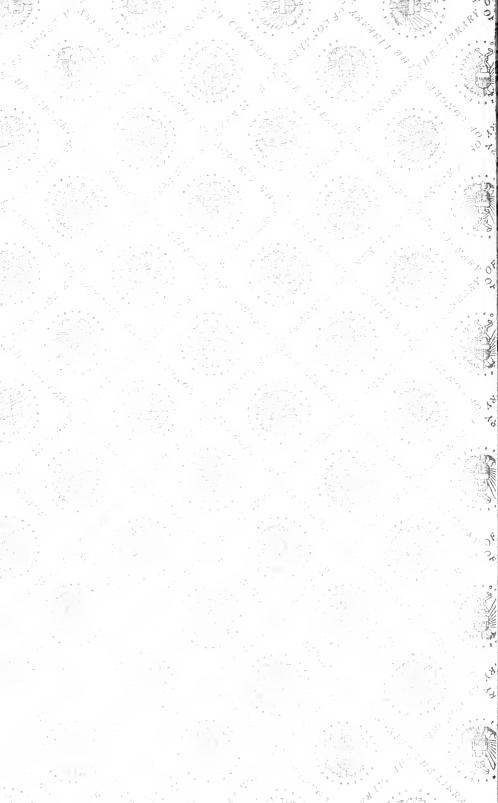
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ADDRESS,

DELIVERED AT THE

DEMOCRATIC WHIG FESTIVAL.

AT WILKES-BARRE, PENN.,

December 4, 1840.

IN HONOR OF THE ELECTION

0 F

GBN. WM. HENBY HARRISON.

BY CHARLES MINER.



WILKES-BARRE.
AMOS SISTY, PRINTER
1841.

Wilkes-Barre, December 5, 1840.

Hon. CHARLES MINER:

Dear Sir: At a meeting held on Friday afternoon, of those who listened to your address on the occasion of the Democratic Whig Festival, the undersigned were appointed a committee to communicate to you the following resolution, passed by the unanimous vote of the meeting.

Resolved, That the thanks of this meeting be presented to the Hon. Charles Miner, for the able, eloquent, and appropriate address, delivered by him this day, and that he be requested to furnish a

copy for publication.

Very respectfully, your obedient servants,

A. SISTY, A. O. CHAHOON. WM. H. BUTLER.

Committee.

GENTLEMEN:

I am deeply sensible of your partial kindness, and that of the meeting, in estimating so favorably my address. Prepared by the desire of our Democratic Whig friends, I place it cheerfully at your disposal.

Very truly, your friend,

CHARLES MINER.

December 8, 1840.

Messis. A. Sisti, A. O. Chahoon, Wm. H. Butler, Committee.

ADDRESS.

address: I mean to deliver, what many may think, Anti Federalists. The Federal party with Washan extraordinary one. I shall speak right on, and ington at its head, advocated the adoption. The right out, of principles and men; of parties and Anti Federal party with glowing zeal, urged the measures; please or oftend whom it may,-regard-rejection of the plan. To such an extent of violess of what the world may call policy, governed lence did the opponents go, that under the influ-

simply by truth and justice.

overwhelming recorded in our political annals. I the hands of the Common Hangman! Every do not regard it as a mere ordinary triumph of possible evil was predicted of it, that could follow and other states, where the outs overthrow the ins, ry granted power. Wiser councils prevailed. Exterest, and measures of paramount importance, to unpopular to be endured; and the name of Demohearts, ever devoted to our country, we may declare with Paul, "Thanks he to God who giveth us the victory." On this occasion, it would appear to me, Washington, who combined in his character more that the hand of a Divine and protecting Provi- and brighter virtues than ever gave fame to Rodence, is as clearly manifest, in our deliverance, as man Chief or Grecian Patriot, was called to preit was in the Revolutionary struggle,—as it was in side. Adams, the Demosthenes of the Revolutionary struggle,—as it was in the guidance of our Fathers' Councils in framing tionary Congress, who kindled by his zeal, enand adopting the Federal Constitution, or in dilightened by his wisdom, and persuaded by his

glad, let us with the most scrupulous delicacy, a-void any display of unmanly exultation, that might to be organized: The foundations of the practical give pain or offence to our friends and fellow-citi-operation of the Government to be laid: a Na-zens who may have differed from us. My private tional Judiciary was to be organized. Diplomatic opinion was known, and published, that we should relations with foreign Governments to be establishhave no party celebration: Our friends thought ed. Every measure demanding profound knowl-

Our Fathers fought for Independence from Great More than all, the finances of the country, sunk Britain. In the turmoil of the ardent and uncer-apparently to the bottomless pit of bankruptcy and tain conflict, little leisure occurred to consider the contempt, were to be drawn up, "like drowned form of Government which should exist after Li-honour by the locks," from their degraded depths. berty and Peace should be achieved. From 1783 to '87, we had no General Government. The old achievements as a soldier, and imparts glery to Confederation remained a mere lifeless and impo- his country from his unequalled financial integritent shadow, a mockery of power, imbecile, below ty and talents, devised, and through the aid of a contempt. The Federal Convention, over which Washington presided, after long and painful consultation, reported the present Federal Constituted, the credit of the country, laid the foundations tion: The admiration of the world! The object of our financial system so wisely, so broad, so deep,

Thus is Freedom's holiday. You ask for a short party designations of the day, were Federalists and ence and in the presence of highly distinguished And first, of our victory—the most complete and personages, the instrument was publicly burnt by party, like those achieved occasionally in our own, from the grossest and most profligate abuse of eveand then proceed to administer affairs upon the perience almost instantly, and as if by magic same plan with their opponents. I consider it as a showed forth the excellence of the new system. great revolution, involving principles of deep in- The designation of Anti Federalists became too the welfare of the country, and the stability of the crat, recently introduced from France, was adoptgovernment. I would not lightly apply Scriptural ed in its stead, in the middle and Northern states, language to party occasions; but in the sincerity of while the name of Republican, was assumed more

recting our destinies in any great crisis which we eloquence to the most determined resistance to the may have passed since we became a nation. may have passed since we became a nation.

But while with hearts deeply grateful to the Author of all good, we rejoice and are exceeding Government were arduous in the extreme. The otherwise, and unexpectedly called me to the Ros-trum. I appear, ready for duty, as I have ever been from the commencement of the campaign. I shall take a wide range and touch boldly, but them acceptable in those states, which had reluctbriefly, many topics. Give me, I pray you, not antly yielded so largely of their sovereignty, to the only a patient but an indulgent hearing.

Hamilton, a name which derives lustre from his now, of universal regard and affection with all good that without embarrassment, without any one citimen. The old will remember what the young | zen having felt a marvedi's weight of taxation, the should know, that the most fierce and alarming holy debt of the Revolution has been paid, and the party contest, this country has ever known, grew credit of the government raised to an elevation ne-out of the question, whether the Constitution ver surpassed in any nation in Europe, or the should be adopted, or rejected by the States. The world! So perfect in all its parts was the scheme

since, has attempted an alteration in its minutest want of principle and skill, involved the nation details, without being compelled to retrace his steps, nearly in ruin, and aroused the slumbering enerand to admit that the change was for the worse.

Hamilton, I might add those of Ellsworth and Jay, Democratic Republicans in principle, and practice, Marshall and Pinckney, and an hundred others, have on the other hand, united in one great party equally pure; and then a thousand more whose of the people. So that, in honesty and truth, to valour and patriotism defended the cause of Liber-"the great Harrison Whig party, now successful; ty through the bloody scenes of the Revolution, or embracing three fourths of the people of the United whose wisdom and eloquence afforded most effi-States, belongs the name of Democrats. It is cient aid in council, whose patriotism was as pure justly a popular, a beloved name. Whatever as the Snows of Chimborazo, and whose hearts of unpopularity might be supposed to belong to ever glowed with the warmest devotion for liberty. the old Federal party, justly attaches to that large Thus sprung the Federal name into existence:- portion which connected itself with Jackson and Such the men who were justly proud to bear it: Van Buren. To the true Democratic Whig press Such were a few of the multitude, of glorious and all Whig politicians throughout the Union, I deeds, most honorable and most useful to the Re-would say, one and all, "the name of Democrat is public, which they accomplished.

name, I have made, because young and inexperi- it is worth a thousand votes in every ten thousand." enced conductors of the press, have proclaimed that But this is a slight digression. Federalism for the first time in forty years, has What shall I say of the next succeeding admintriumphed; because, all through the contest, at-istrations! Not a word of disrespect, be assured. tempts have been made to fix on the Democratic Far from it. I know full well that a large and Whigs, the name of Federalists, as an appella- respectable portion of the assembly I have the hotion of reproach and dishonour; and having myself nour to address, are of the old school, Jefferson been personally assailed, because I bore aloft the Democrats. Exercising the right of an indepen-Federal Banner at the mast head, while a star was dent citizen, I sometimes differed from him.—left to shine, or a stripe to flutter; I thought it Though from some points of his character and poproper to vindicate the name of that good old licy I still dissent, yet as the author of the Decla-but long since demised party. And here, be-ration of Independence, his name commands my fore Heaven, I declare, that, for myself, I have ever highest admiration, my heartfelt gratitude. His been in sentiment and action a true Democratic Inaugural Address; unsurpassed in beauty of style, Republican in the best sense of those words—a sets forth most admirable maxims for the administrue friend to liberty—a defender and supporter of tration of government. The acquisition of Louthe rights of the people, an enemy to Aristocracy isiana, giving us the whole of the Mississippi, and and oppression—an advocate of equal laws, equal an unassailable Western Barrier, wreaths a chaprights, equal privileges; and such, from a thorough let of ever-enduring fame around his brow. The knowledge of their character, principles, and con-most splendid culogy ever delivered by human duct, do I boldly proclaim the great body of the lips, was that of Mr. Webster, on the decease of Federal party, to have been. I do not say they Presidents, Adams and Jefferson. In truth the Denever erred. Let the man, the party, or the ad-mocratic Administrations, finding the constituministration, that can claim exemption from hu-tion working very well in their hands, gradually man error, cast the first stone. Of that party let me adopted the best measures of their opponents, and say, I sported with its childhood: I shed an honest made them their own. An independent Judiciary tear upon its grave.

ginal signification .- A friend to the Federal Con- war, justly waged against the insufferable encroachstitution. "We are all Federalists, We are all ments, of Great Britain, that old Federal arm of our Republicans" said Mr. Jefferson. The name Dc- power, well sustained the honour of the nation mocrat, now so universally popular, I may repeat, upon the ocean; while our beloved Harrison was what most of you know, is derived from the two adding new glory to our stars and stripes on land. Greek words, "Demos" the People, "krutein" to After Mr. Monroe's term expired, new parties govern. It is a beautiful word. Itself a maxim arose, new combinations were formed, several canof soundest political faith. Seeing its popularity, didates were run for the Presidency. The elecambitious, selfish, and unprincipled men, seized on lion was thrown upon the House of Representathe name, and by its force attempted to beguite the tives, and Mr. Adams succeeded. Possessing a people, that they might more effectually usurp most powerful and acute mind, he grasped the larpower. In the change of times and revolutions of gest subjects, with the same facility that he scanned parties, mark me well, ye who have traced their and comprehended the minutest details, which bechanges for the last forty years! Extremes have came his duty or his pleasure to know. From long met. The high toned ultras of the old Federal experience both in foreign and domestic affairs, party, attracted by kindred spirits, the ultras of the every important question in which the government Democratic party, have united their fortunes, was interested, was to him perfectly familiar. He clubbed their influence and combined their power, brought the whole weight of his great talents and Assuming the name and attempting to act as lead-experience to the administration of affairs, with a

of Hamilton, that no Secretary of the Treasury ers of the Democratic Party, they have by their gies of the people to arrest their course. The true To the names of Washington, Adams, and Republicans, the moderate of all parties, the real ours, don't let the enemy get it away from us for This brief sketch of the origin of the Federal an hour; keep it, use it. In any political contest

was sustained. The Navy, to their credit be it We have seen that a Federalist meant in its ori-said, was rebuilt and increased, and in the last

firm and lofty determination to know no favourite, in a gale running rapidly, is governed by a slight neither to exercise nor permit intrigue; to risk motion of the rudder, while the vessel scarcely every thing before the people on a clear and faith-moving, on an unruflled sea, refuses to answer ful discharge of official duty. I may say not mere- to her helm. ly that I believe this, but that I know it to be true. Unprincipled flatterers—fawning sycophants, It would appear to me that his administration ap who sought and won favor by traducing those proached as near perfection as human wisdom and whom the President hated-stood ready, pliant patriotism could bring it. This testimony from knaves, to minister to his vanity-do his bidpatriotism could bring it. This testimony from me is not needed, The impartial world will not withhold the just verdict. But the fiat pronounced by Col. Johnson, that "tho" the administration were pure as Angels from Heaven, it must be had filled the measure of his Country's gloout," had gone forth. The elements of opposition, led on by Mr. Van Buren, combined and conquered. General Jackson became President of the United States. And what were his politics? To what party did he belong! Was he a Federalist! was he a Republican! was he a Democrat!

Thus surrounded and misled, is it any worst. Not he! Of no party was he, or every party, as der the sober voice of truth found no avenue to suited his interest or inclination. He was Andrew his ear, or that the true situation of his suffer-Jackson! That was his party. Having from na-ing country could make no just impression on ture and habit adopted, and ever acted on, the his heart? maxim, that

"Party like fortune, born to be controlled Stoops to the forward and the bold."

From the beginning of his administration he resolved to be supreme Lord and master over allsetting Constitution and law, precedent and principles, at defiance, when they interfered with his sovreign and independent will. With him it was 'I by itself I.' 'I Andrew Jackson will it.' Hence he treated Congress with less respect than the Stewarts ever dared to treat Parliament—Vetoed their Bills in greater numbers than any or all sowed the wind and left his successor and faformer bresidents put together-Gave them to vorite, to reap the whirlwind. understand that if they had applied to him, he would have told what Bills to pass that would have met his approbation; as if he had been the autocrat of all the Russias, and the Representatives of the People his vassals; and when it accorded better with his frame of temper, he would not even condescend to return Bills passed by both Houses, with his reasons, but thrust every where impaired, and business at a stand! them contemptuously into his breeches pocket. Did ever a Nation before sustain such a shock Do you remember the repeated disruptions of from the mismanagement of their rulers! Mr. his Cabinet? And their causes? The high van Buren had never the nerve—the energy to handed measure of the removal of the Deposites? The violation of all decency in fixing a sed. While the Hero dashed his Cabinet to quarrel on the Vice President for an old grudge pieces, as Napoleon shattered the vase of Cohe bore him! Marvellous, that such conduct bentzel, Mr. Van Buren endured, for the chief did not awaken at once, a feeling of universal part of his term a Cabinet which he had never odium and disgust, among this intelligent and chosen—which he feared—a part of which he wise community! But the very boldness of credit of the country.

slow to act, and of placid temper—as the ship them to preserve.

Thus surrounded and misled, is it any won-

I do confess, when witnessing his deedsmarking the devastation and ruin consequent on his measures—the applause of the thoughtless -much more-the anathy, if not approbation, of more intelligent multitudes; there arose in my breast most mournful forebodings for the cause of Liberty and my Country.

Having by his influence, secured the succession to his favorite, the Hero retired to the Hermitage. The chief evils suffered in Mr. Van Buren's Administration, are justly to be ascribed to the misconduct of General Jackson, who

"I leave you a prosperous and happy people,"-said the Hero. Scarcely had he spoken and retired, when a mighty crash was heard .--Ruin came 'rushing amain down' upon our devoted Country-and all, or nearly all the Banks in the Union were compelled to suspend specie payments-confidence was destroyed-credit

his measures created a momentary popularity. * I beg it may be distinctly understood, that Brave themselves, the first impression among in applying harsh appellations to the men who the multitude was approbation of the high spir-have done so much evil, I do not mean to init displayed. But he proceeded, made war on clude the great body, or any considerable porthe Bank of the United States, which he crush-tion of our opponents. In public or private life, ed by his power, and at the same time on the they are as virtuous, as patriotic, as we are. This concession, they do not need at my hands. My It may be supposed that such a character, so belief is, that not ten in a thousand of the Van prompt to act, so decided, so energetic, deserves | Buren party in Luzerne approved the course at least the praise of acting independently and public affairs had been running, but thought it from the influence of his own judgment. Not better to hear the evil until they could remedy so. The passionate man, easily excited, is more it themselves, rather than leave their firm party easily governed by favorites, than the mind organization, obviously of great interest for

terms that rightly designate his character.

where he swung hie are and seyner, and, it reprinciples and ruinous measures of Jacksonism.

In this light does its chief lustre and cheering influence consist. It is the 'sober second thought' American woods-boys, who has raised himself by of a misled, but virtuous people. It presents the the wildest phrensy of political man-worship, re-turning to the sober paths of truth and reason. republican principles, simplicity and virtues, that The inebriation of passion has passed away! De- man is DANIEL WEBSTER. lusion has lost its power to deceive! The wilder-ing voice of bold ambition can charm no longer! Next in order comes Mr. Talmadge, of New-York, the distinguished conservative, to whom, more Patriotism and virtue resume their sway, and the than any other individual, we are indebted for the whole posse of imposture, machiavelism and revolution in the Empire state, and the pride and mischief, are swept away by the irresistible power pleasure of having New York, record her solemn of a great nation, rising in the majesty of its verdict against the measures and policy of Jackstrength. A majority of nearly 150,000 free and son and Van Buren. of the west-booming up from the sweet valleys of that eminent statesman.) Of him it is difficult to the South-echoing in harmonious accord from say whether his high mental powers-his admiranorthern and eastern hills, come like the 'rushing ble talents, as a public debater—his long experience of mighty waters' in their strength, with 'tidings in public affairs, command most admiration and of great joy,' and proclaim utter and irreversible confidence; or his pleasing manners and popular condemnation, upon the whole system of Jack-laddress, most win our applause. Not only should sonian despotism and disorganization. 'Tell it he be regarded as the pride and hope of New Jerin Gath'-publish it in Askelon,-the spoilers sey, but of the Nation. The Broad Seal of that and their principles are repudiated forever!!

selves, do honor and gratitude justly belong, for

this signal deliverance?

mind—his unequalled powers of analysis and ra-have ever heard. His industry is indefatigable. tiocination-his profound judgment-his glow-Prompt-full of resources-skilful to defend-immiliar to every school-boy. Few have been more would seem to unite with sound policy, in indicahonored by the love and confidence of the wise ting the propriety of a call to a more elevated stawhich envy and detraction demand from eminence. her Arch, with pride and pleasure will back him. I have sometimes thought the very greatness Of Mr. Rives, the eminent Virginian conservaof Mr. Webster, in some degree, an injury to him, tive, though not now in Congress, I must speak. by leading the public mind to consider him as con-He was formerly a member; and for several years, sequently proud, cold and distant. Such is a great was our Minister to France, where he negotiated error. When deeply engaged in questions of the treaty by which that Nation has paid us for spomagnitude, his whole soul seems, for the time, liation on our commerce, several millions of dollars. absorbed, as if he had called home every power for Believing Mr. Van Buren to be in error, Mr. Rives, the conflict. But when not engaged, a more sim- conscientiously separated himself from him and his ple, playful, mirthful man withal, does not exist. party, declining all honours and offices which the

hated. A cunning manager—an adroit tactician more simple gaiety. His heart seems all goodness. -a subtle and shrewd politician-such are the New-England never produced a truer Republican rms that rightly designate his character. or sounder Democrat. His father, and he delights The victory, therefore, in its vast importance—to tell it, occupied a log cabin on the then confines in its overwhelming magnitude—is to be regarded of the wilderness leading to the Hampshire Grants, rightly and truly as a victory over the despotic where he swung the axe and scythe; and, if reanimating spectacle of a nation, recovering from he sustains. If the man lives who deserves the

independent voices—sounding from the mountains Senator Southard; (I love to speak the name of Patriotic State derives new sacredness and And to whom, mainly, next to the People them- lustre when vindicated by her distinguished son.

Our own John Sergeant, as we advance, is next presented to our view, the universal object, among This leads me to speak of some of our promital good Whigs, of pride, respect and affection. At nent political friends. While the Whig press has quite an early age, Mr. Sergeant entered into every where done its duty, steadily and firmly; public life-so long ago as when Governor M'Kean while numerous individuals in every State of the was in the Executive Chair, and the seat of gov-Union, have constantly lifted up their voices against ernment was at Lancaster. Almost continually the usurpations of the Executive: yet to those since that time, never seeking office, but yielding distinguished and active men in Congress, whose to the urgent solicitations of his fellow citizens, at duties have placed them in the front rank of the immense pecuniary sacrifices, Mr. Sergeant has battle, the country is under high and more espe-been kept in our public councils. Few abler cial obligation. Allow me to mention a few ? Nay, men have ever been produced in this nation: you will expect it from me, and hear them named None more faithful. In acuteness of perception, with pleasure. And first, beginning with the sun, comprehensiveness of view-soundness of judg-Mr. Webster is presented to our notice. Of his ment-close and cogent reasoning, he compares rare endowments—his extraordinarily capacious more readily with Mr. Webster, than any speaker I ingly fervid imagination, when he pleases to give petuous in attack, he is a powerful advocate and rein to his fancy; and his impressive eloquence: most formidable adversary. After so long and to speak of these, is but to repeat trite themes far faithful services in Congress, common justice and good. Few kave paid more largely the debt tion. The Key Stone, with all the strength of

I'hildhood does not sport among its mates with Executive, to remin his influence, would have lib-

the measures of the Administration, as leading to son's fanatical schemes; thus bringing on their the ruin of his country. Patriotism so pure-tal-devoted heads the sharpest fire from the body ents so distinguished-and services to the great of Swiss mercenaries that surrounded the Exec-

ceive the public gratitude.

thought, implacable enemy, Sorrow marched hand in hand with Surprise! Mistaken man! How deeply to be deplored! Then! (his colleagues having gone over with their chief.) Senator Preston, left to combat alone; true as Southern courage-firm as Southern honour-remained at his post, and still manfully battled for Reform. It was gallantly, by Jove, it was nobly done!

In Tennessee, a Bell solemn and sonorous, has rung far and wide the changes of Reform! Reform!

Like the gallant Marmion, he has

"Bearded the Lion in his den, The Douglass in his Hall."

to sustain his protege, even his own State, glorious Tennessee! has given 13,000 majority against repudiating sectional jealousies, glorious to behim! And what citizen need covet a prouder eu-hold! the people have risen like the sleeping

efficient conservative?

Henry Clay, the great Western luminarythe object of all our reverence and love, remains to receive the just homage of our grateful hearts. "The observed of all observers"-the man, whose course for nearly 40 years has been one Party,-to lead the van, and bear aloft our Baubright track of glory. Eulogy becomes impo-tent to praise him. Throughout, not only our For Vice Preside own country, but the reading and civilized world, ler of Virginia. He is in manners, a true genhis name is on every tongue, when America is tleman of the old Virginia School, social, yet the theme of discourse. Every page of our his dignified; learned without pedantry; simple and tory for two thirds the period since our happy unaffected—scrupulously delicate of the feelings government was formed, bears the impress of of those with whom he may have intercourse; his devoted patriotism - glowing eloquence, and while he maintains what he deems right and efficient services.-The mediator-the con- with Spartan firmness, he ever treats his oppociliator-the peace-maker-the patriot-the ora- nents with most respectful deference. Largely tor - the Statesman - these are not words experienced in State and National affairs, from thrown out at random. Every one has its dis-the execution of the numerous offices, which character.

dom and glory.

in Congress, battled side by side, hoping against hope, contending for the rights of the people against official violence and successful usurpation—dissipating the sophistries by which ingenity sought to defend the new and revolutionary theories of government. They proclaimed, with prophetic sagasity the evils that naturally selection might have been properly said in decrease. with prophetic sagacity, the evils that naturally election might have been properly said in de-

erally bestowed. Early and boldly he denounced and certainly must follow the adoption of Jackcause of Reform, so efficient, demand and will re-utive. For a while, and a long white, the people, as if in a trance, seemed to turn a deaf ear-Senator Preston of South Carolina, the fearless while the political cormorant—the vulture and -the faithful-the eloquent: we cannot pass him the wolf, prowled about and made havor of the by. When his eminently gifted colleague—the public treasury. The increase in public expenpride of his friends—and he had many; the hope ditures had become enormons!—The defalcaof a large portion of his country—the admiration lions, (in other words, direct 10bberies) of the of a large portion of his country—the admiration treasury, appalling! The sums wasted on faof all; took the extraordinary step to second from treasury, appalling! The sums wasted on fatreasury, appalling! The sums wasted on favourities, who had here and there and every
where, fastened themselves to the public crib host, against Executive usurpation; when he chose made the heart ache to behold them. All these to form a coalition with his ancient, and as was joined in wild but accordant clamour to browdare expose the true state of affairs. But the Whig Reformers in Congress nobly persevered till at length the day star of Hope alose. conservative after another; the loved and lamented White, Bell, Rives, Clark, and Talmadge, came out, renounced and denounced the miserable humbug, (if I may use so low a word because most appropriate) of Jacksonian impos-Dawn of day followed.

Like bread cast upon the waters, the fruit of their labours returned after many days. People, through their faithfulness, have been The People, by their repeated expositions, have been informed. The People, by Notwithstanding the utmost efforts of the Hero their soul stirring appeals, have been aroused -till at length, laying aside party prejudiceslogy than this fact pronounces on that early and Lion from his lair-shaking the dew drops from his mane, and have marched in the majesty of their strength to overwhelming victory!

And who are the distinguished citizens, whose virtues and talents were so pre-eminent, that they were selected by the great Reform

For Vice President we have chosen John Tytinct application, in the just delineation of his the people of his native State, knowing his great moral worth and eminent abilities, have The great Eastern and Western Whig Re- from time to time conferred upon him, he formers, stand like the pillars of Hercules, and brings to the elevated and honorable station, all support the bright arch of their country's free-those high qualifications which give while they receive lustre from the office. As a speaker, I For twelve dark years of phrensied misrule may say, for I have often heard him, he is imand ruin, have these with their fellow patriots passioned, persuasive and convincing. In this

fending him from the poisoned shafts levelled and every where victorious !-never defeated!" at his devoted head, would now, since he is While speaking of his character-the Elecvictorious, bear an aspect of flattery. He has uon in the West; the opinious especially of been tried, as by fire; and like gold has come his near neighbors and intimate companions, from the furnace purer and brighter. Faction demand a moment's notice. has done its worst; Falsehood has exhausted Among the most pleasing reflections to which its inventions, Malice has hurled the last of her the returns have given rise are those derived poisoned arrows in vain. It is a most extraor-from the elections in Ohio, Indiana and Kendinary fact, considering human frailty, or acci-tucky, the charges of cowardice, oppression dental errors, that a life so long and actively and entelty, having their origin and location in devoted to public affairs, civil and military, bringing him in contact with thousands of new Obio, that he was said to have given the cruel men, every year, should have been passed, and and odious vote, to sell poor white men into when reviewed and faults hunted out with lynx slavery for debt. What answer has Ohio given eyed malice and terrier fierceness, that nothing to this charge? We read it in the unexampled absolutely nothing, should be found against verdict of 23,361 majority for this humane and him, for friendship to lament with a sigh-or excellent man for President of the Repubcharity to pass over with a tear. Not a mark, lic! not a stain tinges the pure ermine of his virtues either as a man, a statesman or a soldier. ledged that while in that station he supported Where is there another man that could sustain measures to deprive poor men from voting. such an ordeal? As a citizen—moral, generous What answer has Indiana given to this cruel and hospitable. As a Statesman, intelligent, charge? A verdict of 15,000 majority for this sagacious, firm. Considering the early age he excellent and upright citizen to be President of entered the army, surprise is excited to know the United States! where he could have acquired, that large fund But the Kentuckians were with him in the of knowledge of the American Constitution—hour of severe trial at Tippecanoe. It was Kenlaws, policy and interest, he has displayed on tucky that presented him the unequalled com-every fitting occasion. Besides the intelligence pliment of adopting him as a citizen that he and wisdom exhibited in negotiating thirteen or might command her militia. The brave Kenfourteen treaties, (Hc, the sole Commissioner) tuckians were with him at Fort Meigs. The with separate Indian tribes, when Governor of brave Kentuckians were with him at his great Indiana; we find him, from the first, when in victory on the Thames over Proctor, for which Congress, acting with the wisest and greatest, Congress voted him public thanks and a Gold yet at all times holding apparently without effort, Medal. It was in those campaigns that the the most respectable station-breast and breast blighting charge was laid against him of cowwith the ablest, as a debater, appealing often ardice. What answer have the chivalrous, gento the policy of the Ancient Republics, by way erous sons of Kentucky given to the charge ! of illustrating his arguments, as if, instead of A verdict of 25,863 tor the old Hero and Patthe tent and the log-cabin, the ambush and the fight, his life had been passed in philosophic case and literary leisure, fitting himself to cope with the practised statesmen and learned lawyers of the Senate. [†] This simple view gives, justly, a very elevated idea of his capacity. Undoubtedly he is shown by the facts discovered when the friends are the servered when his friend closed in the canvass, beyond what his friends opposition, and unite in his support.

dared to hope—to be a very able Statesman. The great Revolution which has been achievHis modesty alone, the true auribute of high mer. ed, will create a sensation throughout all Euit, has heretofore prevented his taking some, the rope, like an electric shock. It will be felt in common and warranted means, of setting his every Court from St. James to the Divan at character in its just light before the People.— Constantinople. Tyrants will turn pale at this We might rest his eulogy as a Soldier on elev-simple and beautiful vindication of Republican en words. "He fought many battles! always Institutions; while the countenances of the lib-

he presented, and asked him if he did not find hope!! it so at Tippecanoe! The general smiled and hegan his reply by repeating the lines from Ho-ness, will be demanded of the new administra-

GIVE ME TO SLL, and Ajax asks no more.' ing to tear, and assured him of victory

Of Indiana he was Governor, and it was al-

eral will every where be lighted up with joy. A pleasing anecdote will illustrate his class. The ballot box, the ballot box, the peaceful signal reading and readiness of application. I means of Republican Revolution! European once remarked to him, that a night attack, by Despots of the Bayonet will view it with Savages, with their horrid yells, appeared to amazement. People of Europe, ye, who sigh me the most terrific aspect in which war could for Liberty, look upon it with admiration and

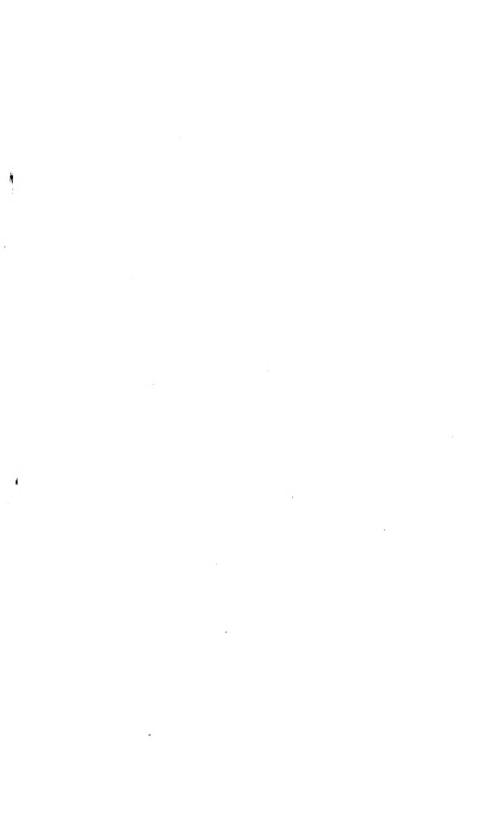
Wisdom and conciliation, mingled with firmtion. We may repose entire confidence in our Dispel the cloud-the light of Heaven restore. beloved leader, the Washington of the West. Under his auspices we may confidently look for He added that, fierce as was the attack, the Refrenchment and Referm in the affairs of the firmness of his officers, and men b fr him noth-"Government; and a restoration of prosperity and happines, to the people.

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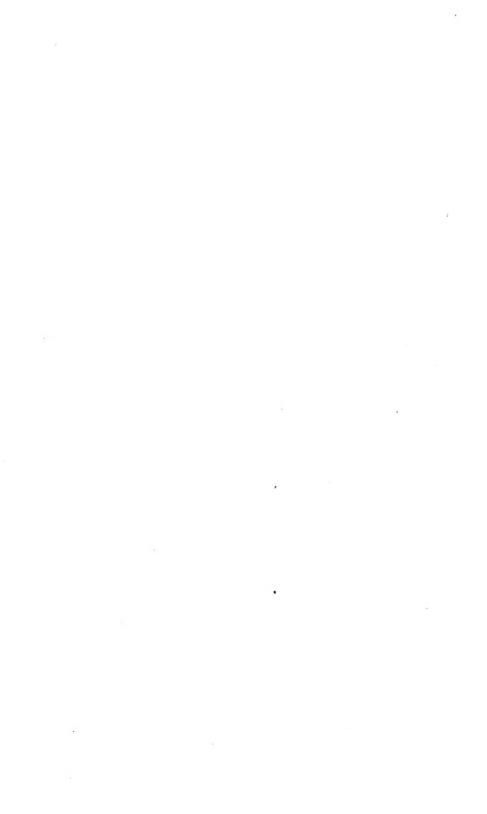


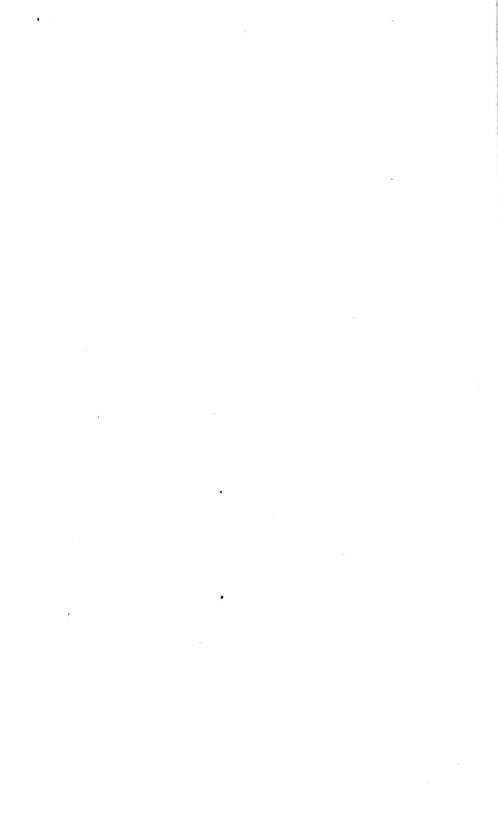
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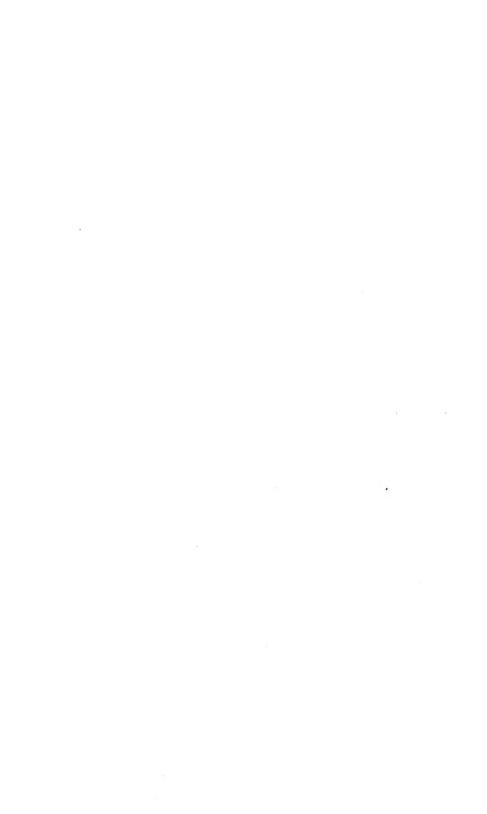


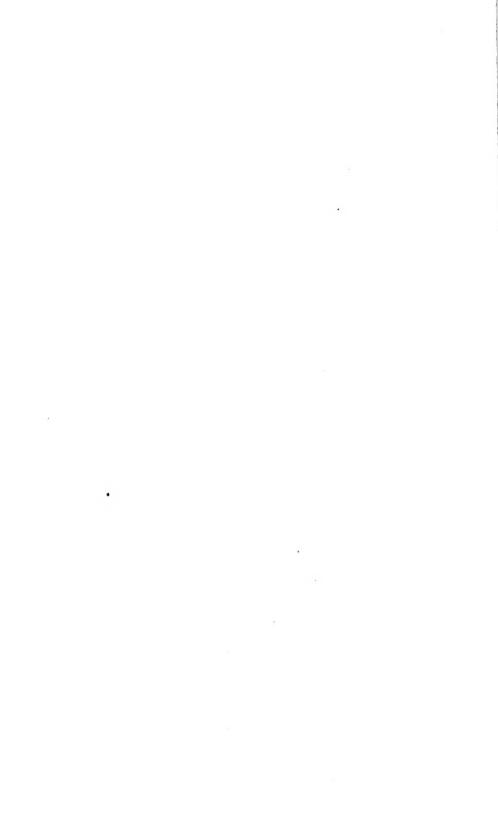




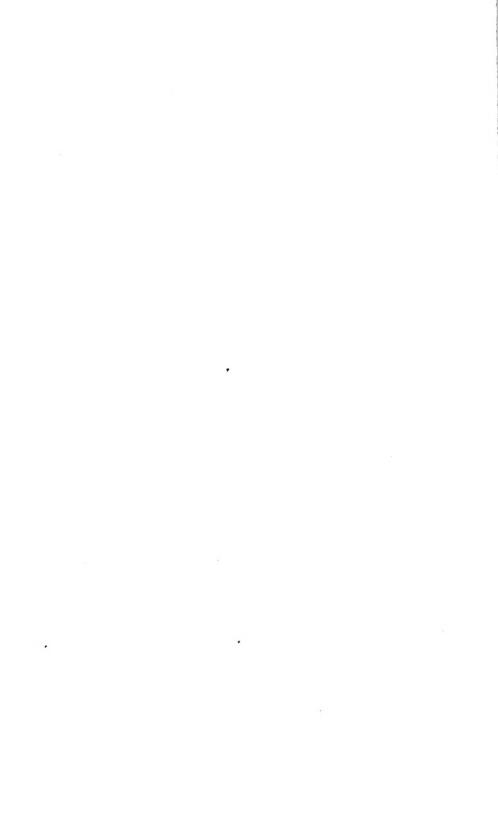






















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